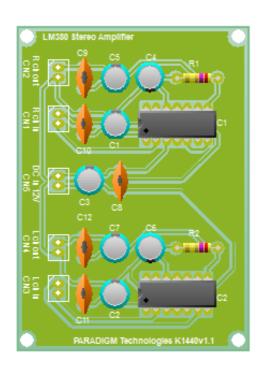


Total Solder Joints: 66 PARADIGM Technologies (UK) Ltd

Difficulty Level : beginner ■□□ expert Electronic Kits and Modules

LM380 Stereo Amplifier Kit



K1440

Multipurpose audio amplifier

Specifications

- Wide Supply Voltage Range: 10V-22V
- High Peak Current Capability: 1.3A
- Short circuit proof with internal thermal limiting.
- Dimensions 63.5mm x 50.8mm (2.25" x 3.15")

Features and Specifications

Features

The kit uses LM380 audio power amplifiers and contains two identical amplifiers capable of delivering a gain internally fixed at 34 dB with a maximum peak current capability of 1.3A. This kit uses the 14-Pin PDIP to allow a greater max. package dissipation of 8.3W.

The kit utilises a high quality PCB made from 1.6mm thick FR4 fibreglass along with specially selected components from highly regarded manufacturers such as Panasonic and Rohm.

Paradigm Technologies have designed a fully symmetrical PCB around theLM380 chipsets to ensure that maximum performance is obtained. Fully symmetrical PCBs are usually only found in high end audio amplifier designs!! They are used to ensure that left and right channels have identical performance characteristics. This gives a rock solid stereo soundstage, through improved phase coherence compared to a standard layout PCB.

Specifications

- Repetitive peak current 1.3A
- Bandwidth 100kHz
- Wide Supply Voltage Range: 10V-22V
- Short circuit proof with internal thermal limiting.
- Dimensions 63.5mm x 50.8mm (2.5" x 2")

Assembly Hints and Tips

Assembly - Please read the following hints and tips carefully. They will help you to build this project successfully.

Tools Required

- A good quality soldering iron (25-40W) with a small tip
- During soldering, wipe the soldering iron tip often on a wet sponge/cloth, to keep the tip clean. Then apply solder to the tip, to give it a wet look. This is called "tinning" and will protect the tip and enables you to make good soldered connections. When solder rolls off the tip, it needs cleaning.
- Use thin resin-cored solder. Do **NOT** use any flux or grease.
- Diagonal cutters to trim excess leads. To avoid injury when cutting excess leads, hold the lead away from you when you cut to prevent the cut parts from flying towards your eyes.
- Needle nose pliers, for bending leads or to hold components in place.
- Small flat head and Philips head screwdrivers. A basic range is fine.
- A basic multi-meter will be required for some projects and could prove useful for identifying/measuring some components.

Assembly Hints

- Ensure skill level required for this kit matches your own ability
- Follow the instructions carefully. Read and understand the entire step before you perform each operation.
- Perform the assembly in the correct order as stated in this manual.
- Position all parts on the PCB (Printed Circuit Board) as shown on the drawings
- Values on the circuit diagram are subject to change
- Values in this assembly guide are correct*
- Use the check boxes to mark your progress
- Please read the included information on safety and customer service

^{*}Typographical inaccuracies excluded. Always check for possible last minute manual updates, indicated as (Note) on a separate leaflet

Assembly Hints and Tips

Soldering Hints

- Mount the component against the PCB surface and carefully solder the leads.
- Make sure the solder joints are cone shaped and shiny.
- Trim excess leads as close as possible to the solder joint.

Follow the order of build and check component values before fitting – consult resistor / capacitor charts if unsure of component value!

Construction

PCB = K1440v1.1

IC1 = LM380

IC2 = LM380

Resistors

2R7 = R1, R2

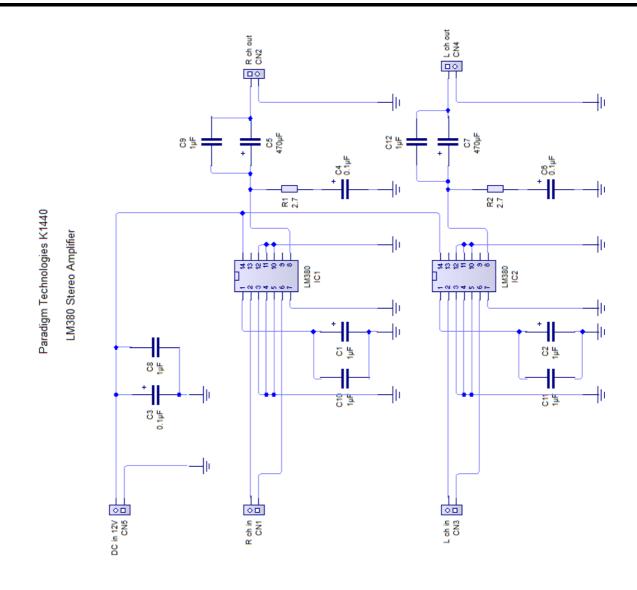
Capacitors

C3, C4, C6 = $0.1\mu F$ Electrolytic

C1, C2, C8, C9, C10, C11, C12 = 1µF Electrolytic

C5, C7 = 470μ F Electrolytic

Circuit Diagram



Wiring Diagram

